

LETTING DATE: ___ DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: ___ DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED: FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$ _____ CONTRACTOR:

DIRECTOR OF PLANNING

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.	
6		US 87	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	SAT	BEXAR	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	1
			-

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION= PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL DESIGN SPEED= N/A AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL= 0.158 AC ADT: (2020)= 15,635 ADT: (2040)= 21,889

FINAL PLANS

	ATEMENT:
	ON WORK WAS PERFORMED WITH THE PLANS.
	P.E.
AREA ENGINEER	DATE
TEXA	S DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
	RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING
	FOR LETTING
	FOR LETTING DESIGN ENGINEER APPROVED

SHEET	DESCRIPTION
I. GENERAL 1 2 3	TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS TYPICAL SECTIONS
<u>II. TRAFFIC CC</u>	<u>ONTROL PLAN</u>
4	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE
<u>TRAFFIC CONTRC</u>	DL_STANDARDS
5 - 16	*BC(1)-21 THRU_BC(12)-21
17	*TCP(2-1)-18
18	*TCP(2-6)-18
19	*WZ(BRK)-13
III. ROADWAY E	DETAILS
20	ROADWAY PLAN
21	FIELDSTONE WAY PLAN & PROFILE
ROADWAY STAND# 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	ARDS *TE-HMAC-11 *PM(2)-20 *PM(3)-20 *SMD(GEN)-08 *SMD(SLIP-1)-08 *SMD(SLIP-2)-08 *SMD(SLIP-3)-08 *SMD(1WT)-08 *EC(1)-16 *EC(3)-16

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* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

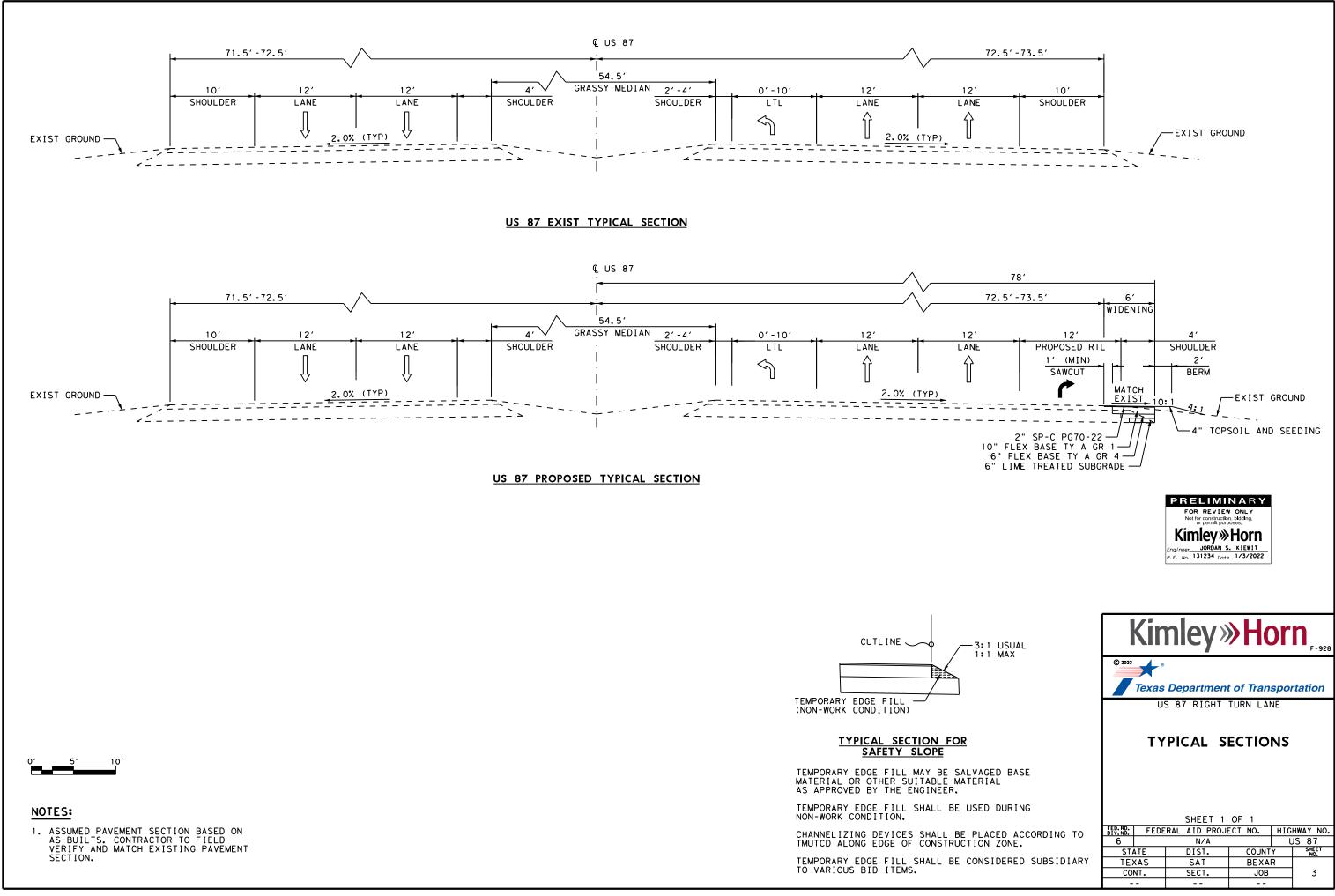
JORDAN S. KIEWIT, P.E. 1/3/2022

			SHEET 1	OF 1		
131234	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDE	ERAL AID PROJECT NO.			HWAY NO.
	6		N/A		ι	JS 87
	ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Y	SHEET NO.
	TE	XAS	SAT	BEXA	۲	
	CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB	JOB	
	-	-				



INDEX OF SHEETS





GENERAL

INSTALL PROJECT LIMITS AND ADVANCED WARNING SINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TMUTCD, TXDOT STANDARDS BC(1 THRU 12)-21, AND/OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THESE SIGNS SHALL BE ERECT AND PLACED PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT UNTIL COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT BY TXDOT.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE AT ALL TIMES FOR THE DURATION OF THE JOB. INSTALL APPROPRIATE SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN ON THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND STANDARDS, OR AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ACCESS FOR ALL PROPERTY OWNERS AT ALL TIMES. CONSIDER THIS WORK TO BE SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.

1. SEQUENCE OF WORK WILL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER BEFORE IMPLEMENTATION.

2. BARRICADES SHALL NOT BE USED AS SIGN SUPPORTS.

3. TRAFFIC MUST BE HANDLED THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING A SAFE AND COMFORTABLE PASSAGE FOR VEHICULAR AND PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC WITH MINIMAL INCONVENIENCE TO THE PUBLIC AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED/APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

4. THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROPOSE/RECOMMEND MODIFICATION TO THE SEQUENCE OF WORK FOR CONSIDERATION BY THE ENGINEER. ANY MAJOR RECOMMENDATION MODIFICATION BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INCLUDE ANY CHANGES TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS, IMPACT TO TRAFFIC, EFFECT OF THE OVERALL PROJECT IN TIME AND COST, ETC. IF THIS PROPOSAL IS IMPLEMENTED, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPING DETAILED PLAN SHEETS TO BE SEALED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER FOR INCLUSION WITH THE CHANGE ORDER, THE CONTRACTOR CANNOT PROCEED WITH ANY CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS BASED ON A REVISED PHASE/SEQUENCE UNTIL WRITTEN APPROVAL IS OBTAINED FROM THE ENGINEER. IF AT ANY TIME DURING CONSTRUCTION THE CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSED PLAN OF OPERATION FOR HANDLING TRAFFIC DOES NOT PROVIDE FOR SAFE AND COMFORTABLE MOVEMENT, THE CONTRACTOR WILL IMMEDIATELY CHANGE THEIR OPERATION TO CORRECT THE UNSATISFACTORY CONDITION.

5. DO NOT STORE ANY CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL OR EQUIPMENT AT ANY LOCATION THAT WILL CONSTITUTE A HAZARD AND WILL ENDANGER TRAFFIC.

THE CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE ADVANCE NOTIFICATION TO THE ENGINEER OF IMPENDING/UPCOMING LANE CLOSURES. SEE GENERAL NOTES OR NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.

7. ACCESS TO ADJOINING PROPERTY MUST BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.

8. TEMPORARY DRAINAGE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL AND MAINTAIN AN ADEQUATE NUMBER OF BARRICADES, WARNING AND DIRECTIONAL SIGNS TO DELINEATE TRAFFIC FOR ANY DETOURS OR CLOSURES. THE CONTRACTOR MAY, WITH THE APPROVAL AND/OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER BE REQUIRED TO VARY WITH THE NUMBER AND LOCATIONS OF SIGNS AND BARRICADES FROM THAT INDICATED ON PLANS.

10. REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF EXISTING ABANDONED UTILITIES (EITHER PREVIOUSLY ABANDONED OR ABANDONED DURING THIS PROJECT) REQUIRED TO SUPPORT THIS PROJECT'S CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PERFORMED UNDER THE OVERALL PREPARE RIGHT-OF-WAY (ITEM 100).

11. ALL SEQUENCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE COORDINATED TO COINCIDE WITH ANY PROJECTS WITHIN OR ADJACENT TO THIS PROJECT.

12. COVER PERMANENT SIGNS IF NOT USED. THIS IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.

13. THE CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO EXISTING OVERHEAD UTILITIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL WORK WITH UTILITY PROVIDERS DESCRIBED BELOW.

CPS GAS LINES ARE LOCATED IN THE VICINITY OF THIS PROJECT. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY CPS A MINIMIUM OF 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

EAST CENTRAL SUD WATER LINES ARE LOCATED IN THE VICINITY OF THE PROJECT. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ECS A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

AT&T FIBER AND UNDERGROUND CABLE ARE LOCATED IN THE VICINITY OF THIS PROJECT. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY AT&T A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

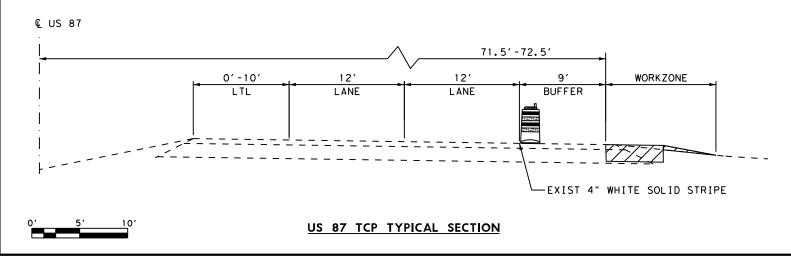
SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

THE RIGHT TURN LANE WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ONE PHASE. A BREIEF DESCRIPTION IS AS FOLLOWS.

CONSTRUCTION PHASE 1

PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION WILL INCLUDE PAVEMENT WIDENING FOR THE RIGHT TURN LANE, SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS, AND EROSION CONTROL.

- MOBILIZATION.
- SET UP BARRICADES AND SIGNS. 2.
- 3.
- CLOSE THE EB SHOULDER IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARD TCP(2-1)-18. 4.
- SAWCUT AND REMOVE EXISITNG PAVEMENT AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. 5.
- 6.
- 7. PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- 8. PLACE FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND SIGNAGE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 9. PLACE TOPSOIL AND SEEDING AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 10. REMOVE CHANNELIZING DEVICES.
- 11. PERFORM FINAL CLEAN UP OF US 87.
- 12. OPEN TRAFFIC UNRESTRICTED.



PLACE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURE ALONG THE CONSTRUCTION ZONE. CONSTRUCT PROPOSED PAVEMENT WIDENING FOR THE RIGHT TURN LANE AS SHOWN IN PLANS. REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN CONFLICT WITH



Kimley »Horn						
© 2022 Texas Department of Transportation						
	U	S 87 RIGHT	TURN LA	NE		
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	SHEET 1	•	HIG	HWAY NO.	
6	N/A		-	ι	JS 87	
STA		DIST.	COUNT		SHEET NO.	
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CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		4	

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended 1. to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown ON BC(2). THE OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign. STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility" Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

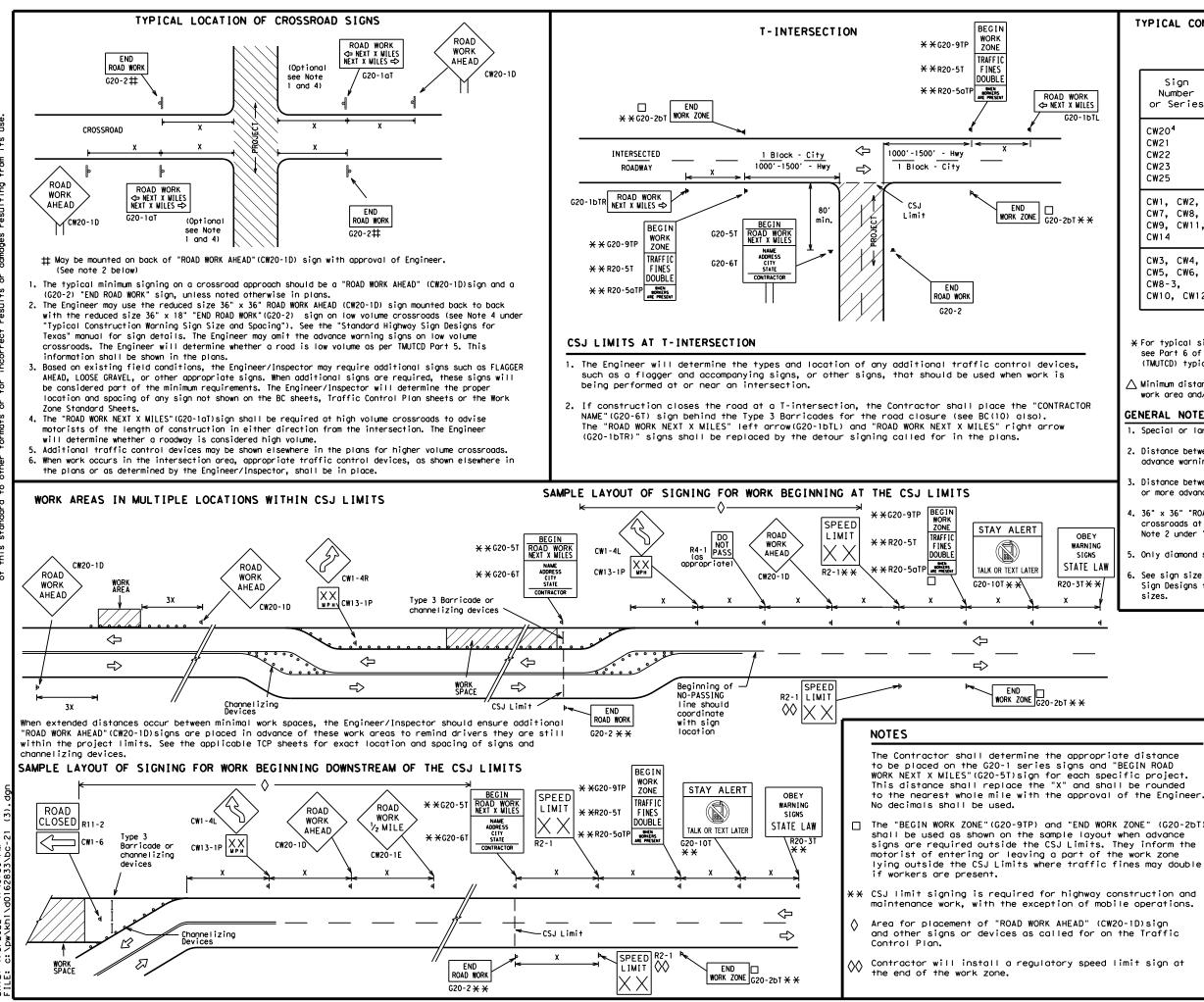
COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC (1) - 21 FILE: DC-21. dgn								
GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC (1) - 21 FILE: DC-21. dgn	Texas Department	of Trans	portation		Safety Division			
	BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS							
CTADOT NOVENDEL 2002 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAT	BC	(1)	-21)T ck: TxDOT			
4-03 7-13 US 87	BC	(1)	-21)T ck: TxD0T highway			
	BC FILE: bc-21.dgn (©TxD0T November 2002 REVISIONS	(1) DN: TxDOT	-21	DW: TxDC	HIGHWAY			
5-10 5-21 SAT BEXAR 5	FILE: bc-21, dgn ① TxD0T November 2002 4-03 7-13	(1) DN: TxD01 CONT SEC	-21 (K: TxDOT JOB 	DW: TxDC	HIGHWAY			

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TYPICAL	CONSTRUCTION	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE	AND	SPACING ^{1,5,6}

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

SPACING						
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"					
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)					
30	120					
35	160					
40	240					
45	320					
50	400					
55	500 ²					
60	600 ²					
65	700 ²					
70	800 ²					
75	900 ²					
80	1000 ²					
*	* 3					

X For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

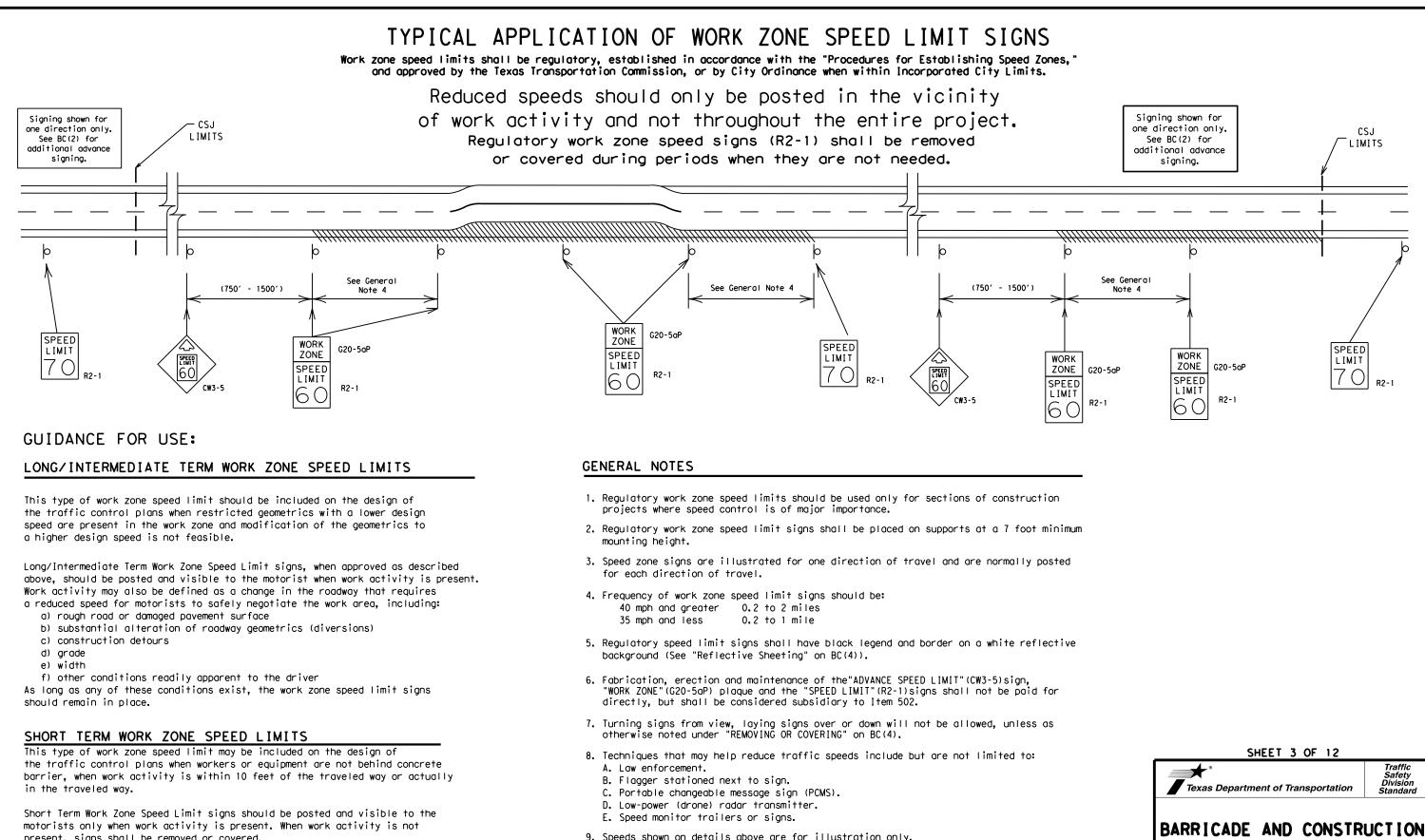
 Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

			LEGEND	
			Type 3 Barricade	
		000	Channelizing Devices	
		-	Sign	
-		x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.	
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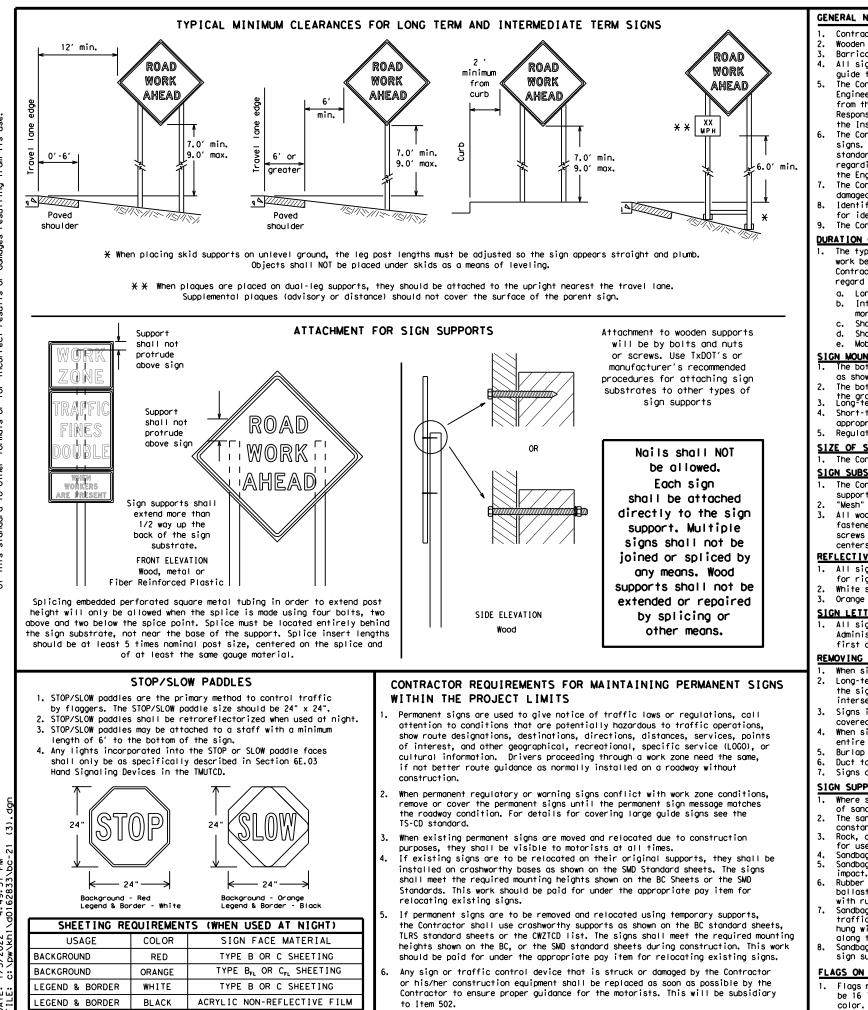
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present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT BC(3)-21 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ILE: bc-21.dgn CTxDOT November 2002 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY -- | --- -US 87 9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO 7-13 5-21 SAT BEXAR



GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

SIZE OF SIGNS

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

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All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures. the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the

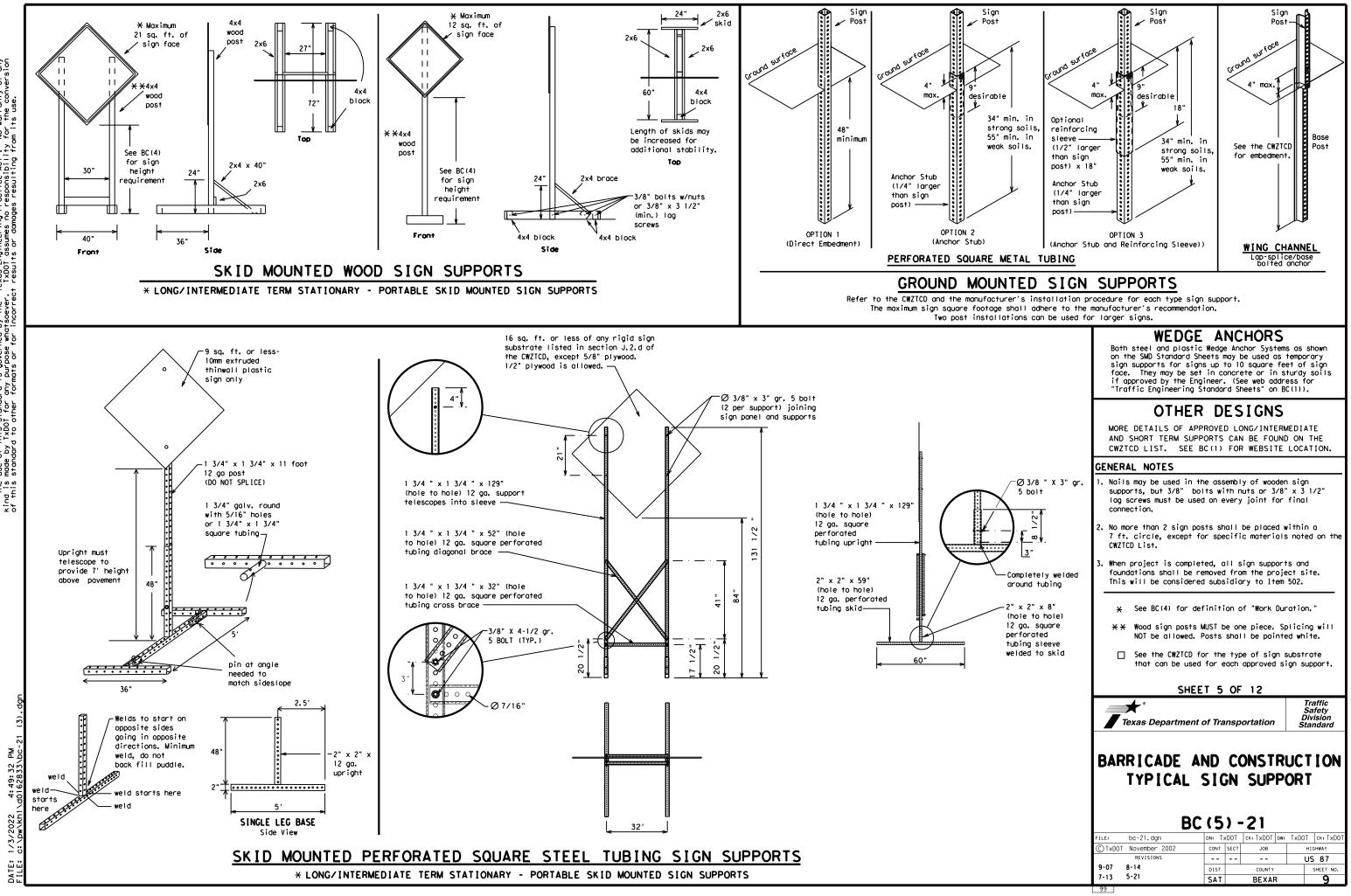
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SHEET 4 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -21								
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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to 2. eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR, " "AT, " etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) 5. along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATIO
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
		Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RTLN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	•	
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED	PHASES	AND	FORMATS	FOR	PCMS	MESSAGES	DUR
						• • • • · ·	

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT *
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	* LANES SHIFT in Phase	1 must be used wit	n STAY IN LANE in Phas

Other Condition List						
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT					
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT					
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE					
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT					
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT					
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT					
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN					
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES					
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANE S SH I F T					

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT RD EXIT X EXITS USE USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE US XXX I-XX F SOUTH TO I-XX N TRUCKS WATCH USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS ТΟ STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE WATCH USE OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ĪΝ LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

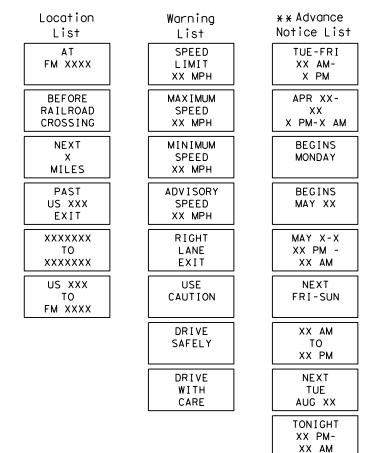
PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 und CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of t shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC some size arrow.

RING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

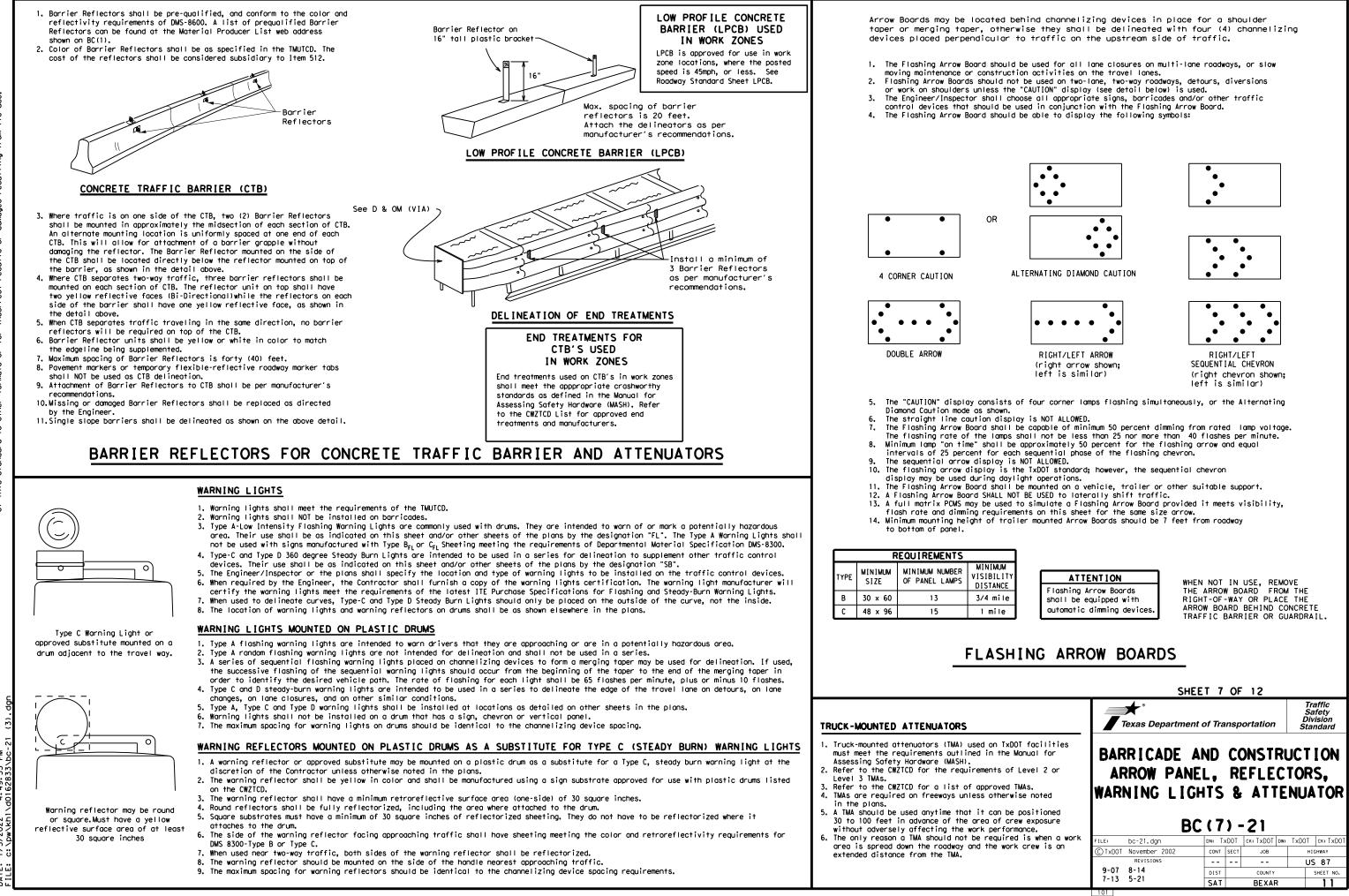
Phase 2: Possible Component Lists



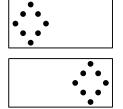
* * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can

	SHEET 6 OF	12	
	Texas Department of Transpor	rtation	Traffic Safety Division Standard
	BARRICADE AND COM PORTABLE CHAN		
	MESSAGE SIGN	(PCM	S)
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nder "PORTABLE the Engineer, it	MESSAGE SIGN BC (6) - 2		S)
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	BC (6) -	21	
the Engineer, it d shall not substitute	BC (6) -	21 K: TxDOT DW:	TxDOT CK: TXDOT
the Engineer, it	BC (6) - 2 FILE: bc-21. dgn DN: TXDOT C C TXDOT November 2002 CONT SECT DIVERSION	21 K: TxDOT DW:	TxDOT CK: TXDOT HIGHWAY



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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

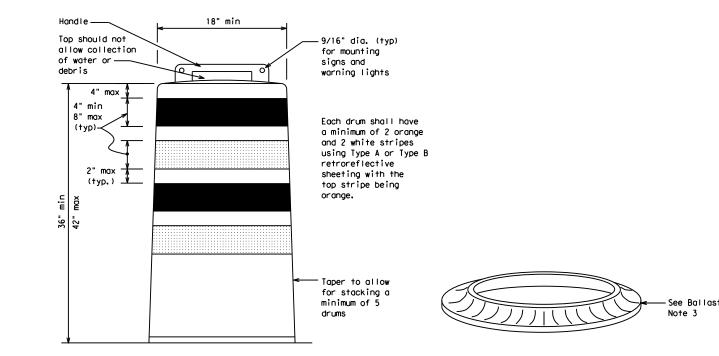
- Pre-gualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

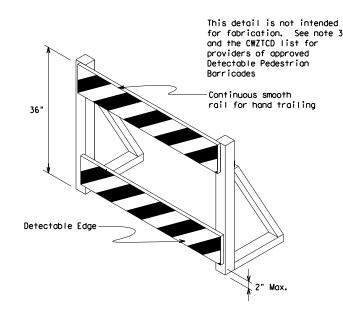
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

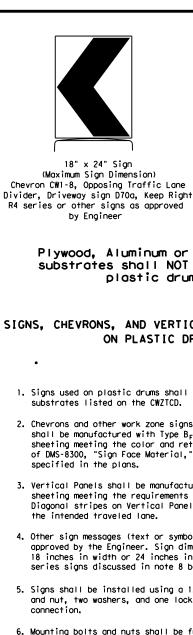




DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures. 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5, Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

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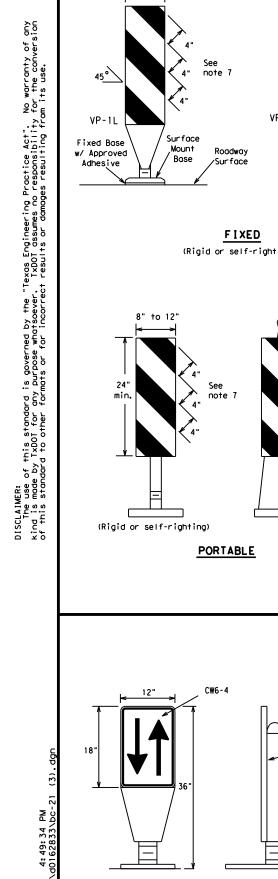
12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

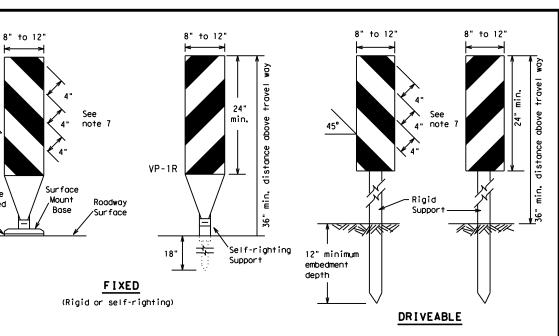
Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

Sн	EET 8	OF 12				
Texas Departme	ent of Tran	sportation		Traffic Safety Division Standard		
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES						
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- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

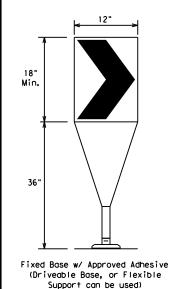
VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

36"

min.

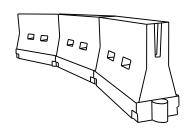
- Panels mounted back to back Portable, Fixed or Driveable Base may be used. or may be mounted on drums
- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums. 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length
- should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Suggested Maximu Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30'	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100′	
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>′</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	
60	L - 11 S	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'	
75		750'	825′	900'	75′	150′	
80		800'	880′	960'	80 <i>'</i>	160'	

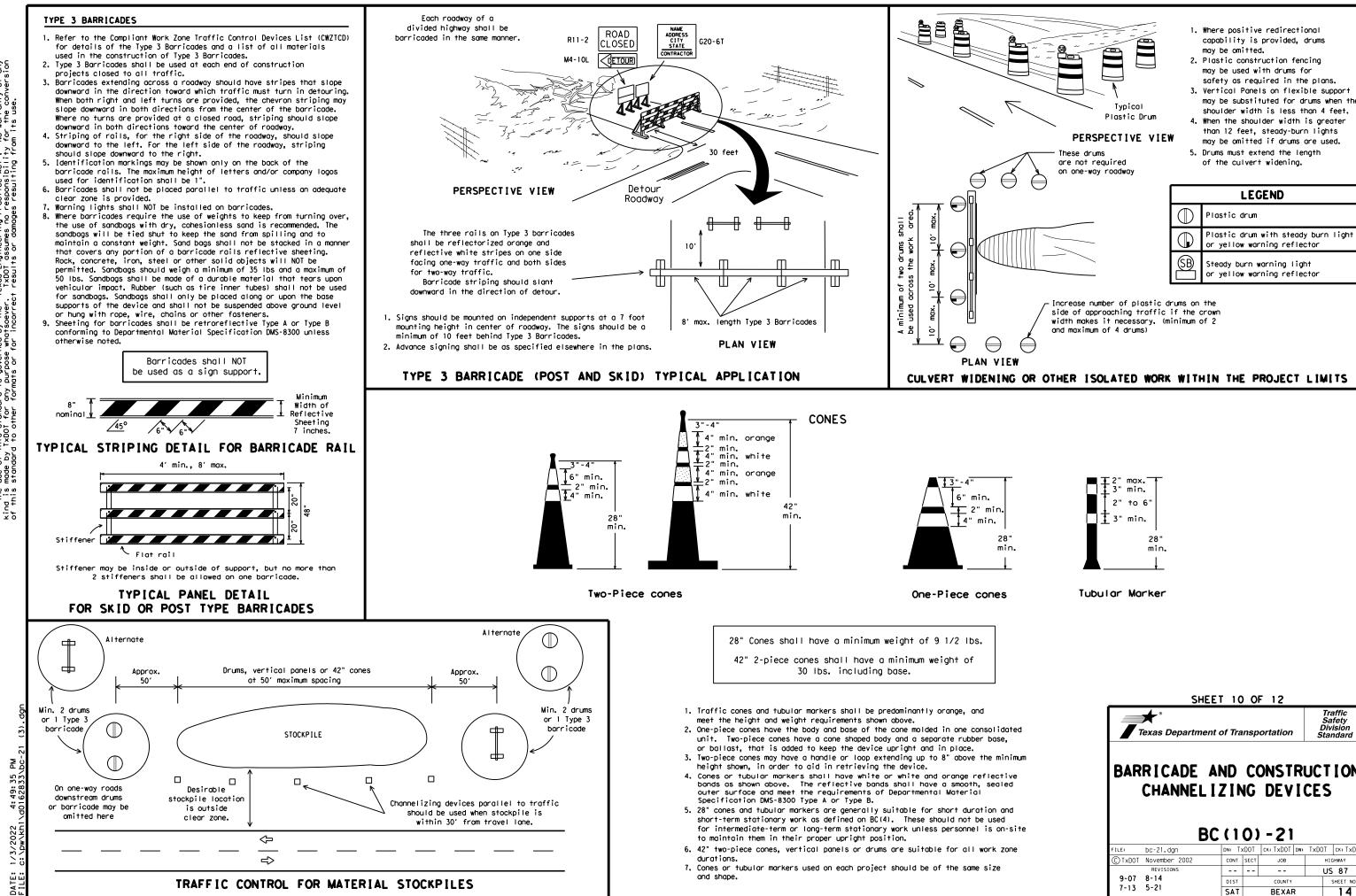
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12	
✓ Texas Department of Transportation	Traffic Safety Division Standard
BARRICADE AND CONSTR	UCTION

CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

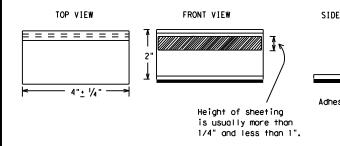
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guiden shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is m normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or sh and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pav Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pir run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the ap product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applie butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concretsurfaces.

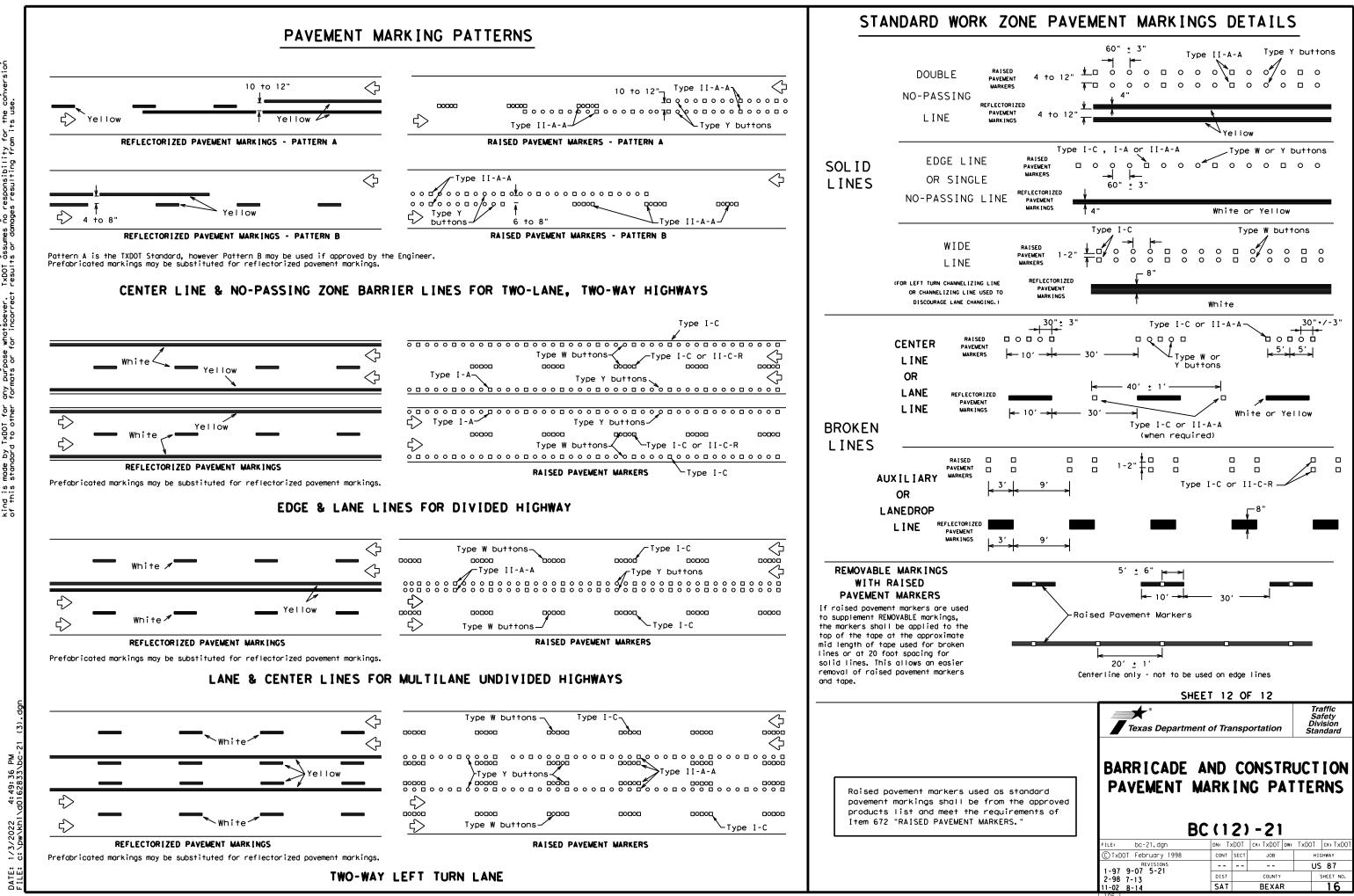
Guidemarks shall be designated as:

YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

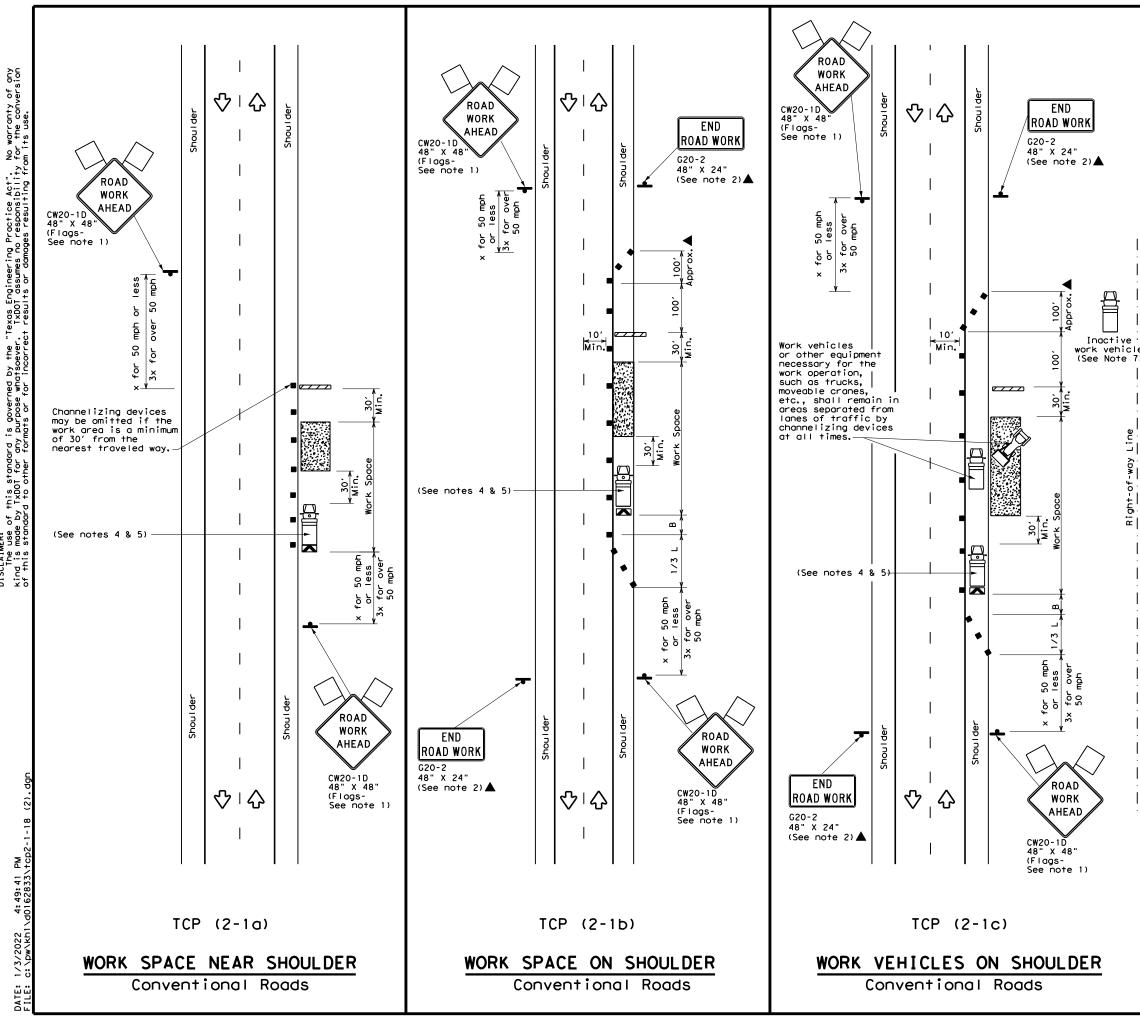
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	DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPE	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	TRAFFIC BUTTONS EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-4300
VIEW		DMS-6100
57	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKE	
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKI	NGS DMS-8240
	TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
	TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE	DMS-8242
f sive pad	ROADWAY MARKER TABS	5113 0242
	A list of prequalified reflective raised non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway pavement markings can be found at the Ma web address shown on BC(1).	marker tabs and other
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LEGEND					
~~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices		
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow		
$\Diamond$	Flag	۵	Flagger		

Speed	Formula	* *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> ²	150'	1651	180'	30′	60'	1201	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500′	295′
60	L-#5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′
70		700'	770′	840′	70'	140′	800'	475′
75		750'	825′	900'	75′	150'	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

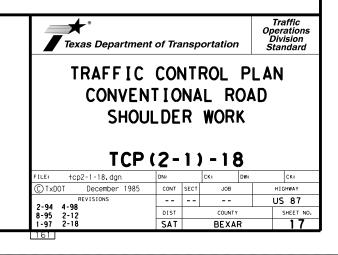
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

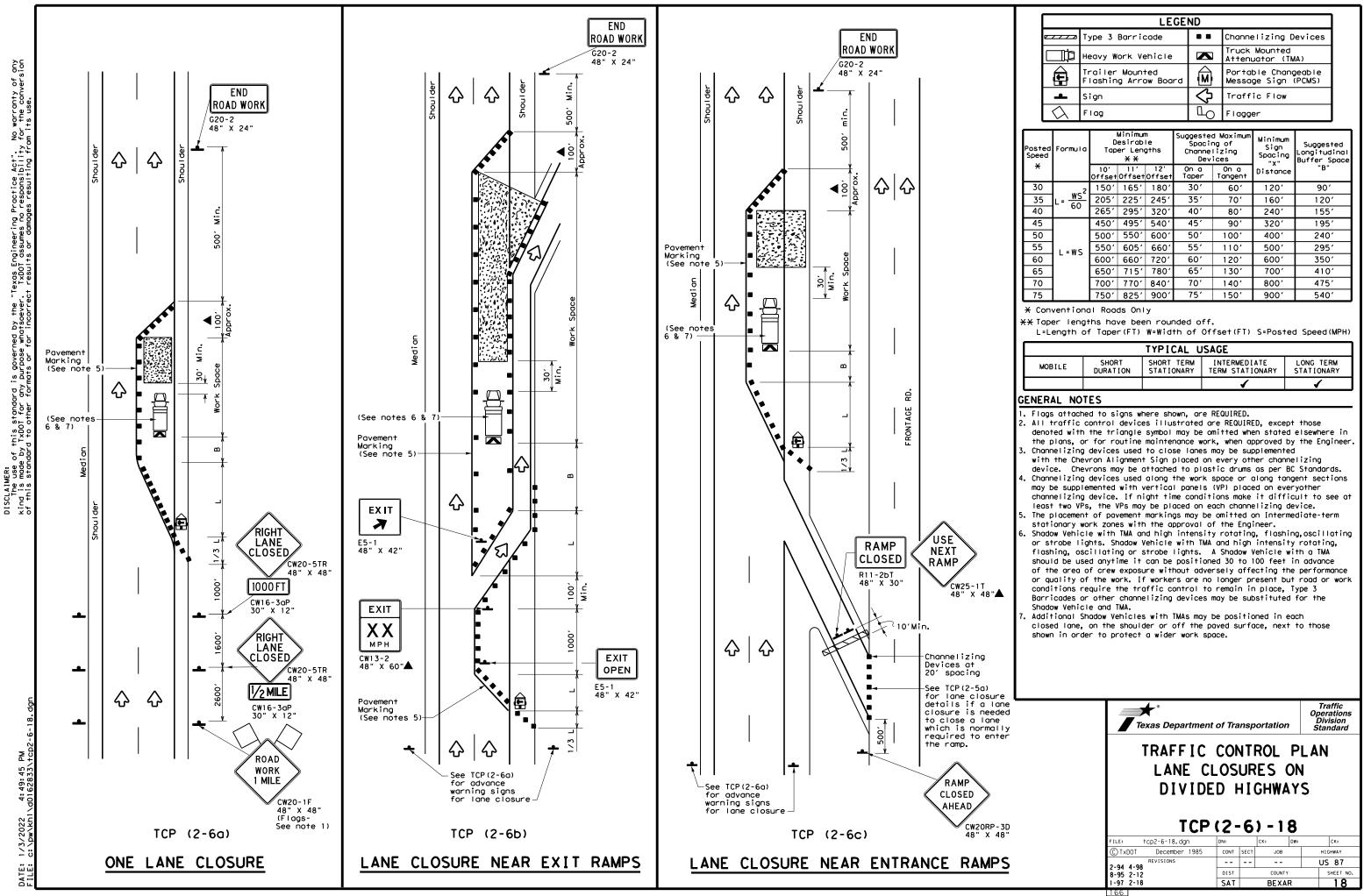
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1	1	<b>√</b>

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- a. Shockprice match of clock complete process traveled way.
  a. Shockwr Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shockwr Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the strong s the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways. 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder. 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

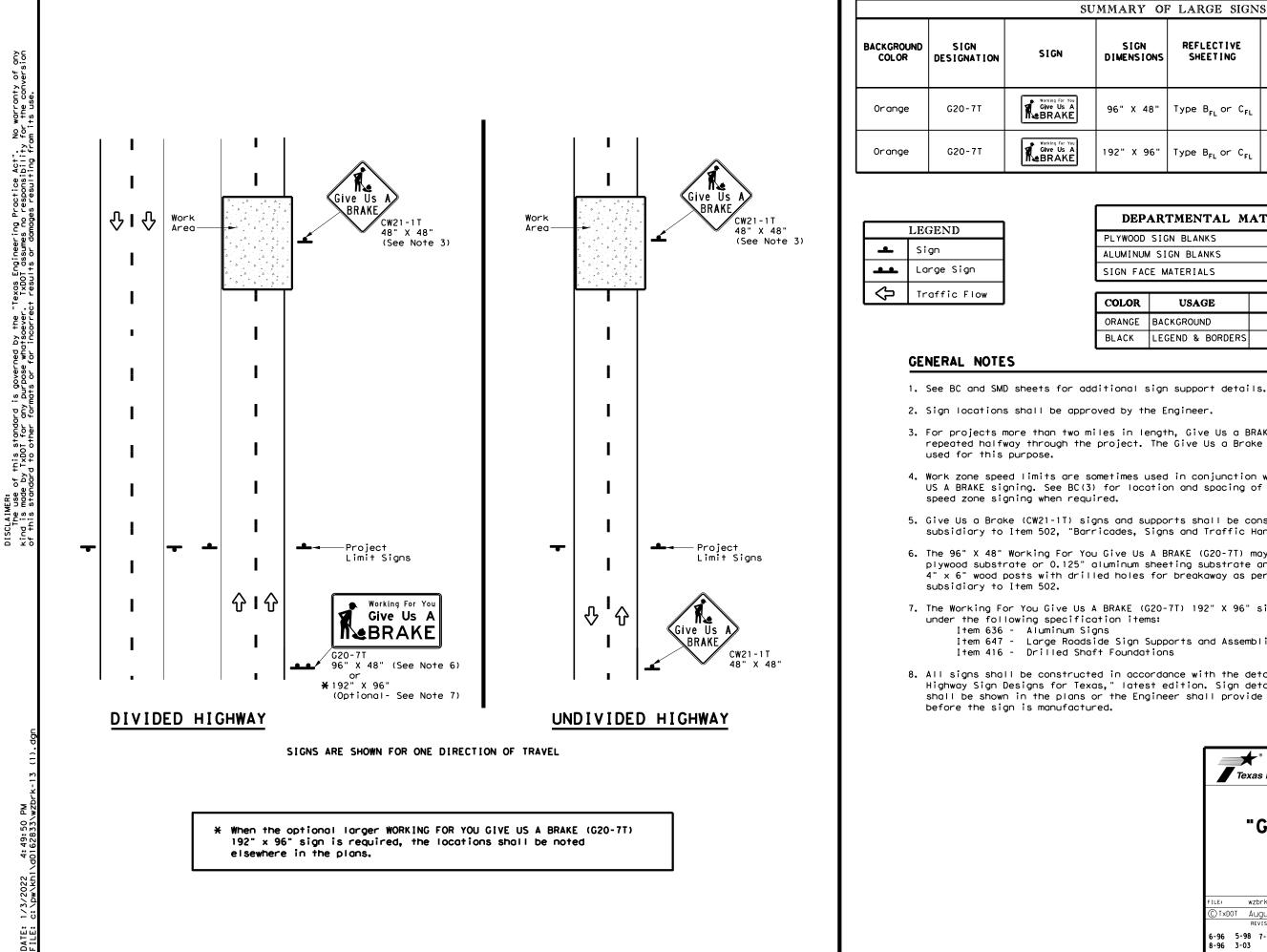




LEGEND					
<u> </u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices		
`¢	Heavy Work Vehicle	X	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow		
$\Diamond$	Flag	٩	Flagger		

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	<u>ws</u> ²	150'	165'	180'	30′	60 <i>'</i>	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^{-}}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45 <i>'</i>	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55′	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - 11 J	600 <i>'</i>	660'	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700'	770′	840'	70′	140'	800 <i>'</i>	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓



U	UMMARY OF LARGE SIGNS						
	SIGN DIMENSIONS	SIGN REFLECTIVE DIMENSIONS SHEETING		GALVANIZED STRUCTURAL STEEL			DRILLED SHAFT
	DIMENSIONS	51221110		Size	ы С	F) @	24" DIA. (LF)
	96" X 48"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	32				•
	192" X 96"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	128	W8×18	16	17	12

▲ See Note 6 Below

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7100
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL}
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	NON-REFLECTIVE ACRYLIC FILM

3. For projects more than two miles in length, Give Us a BRAKE signs should be repeated halfway through the project. The Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) may be

4. Work zone speed limits are sometimes used in conjunction with GIVE US A BRAKE signing. See BC(3) for location and spacing of construction

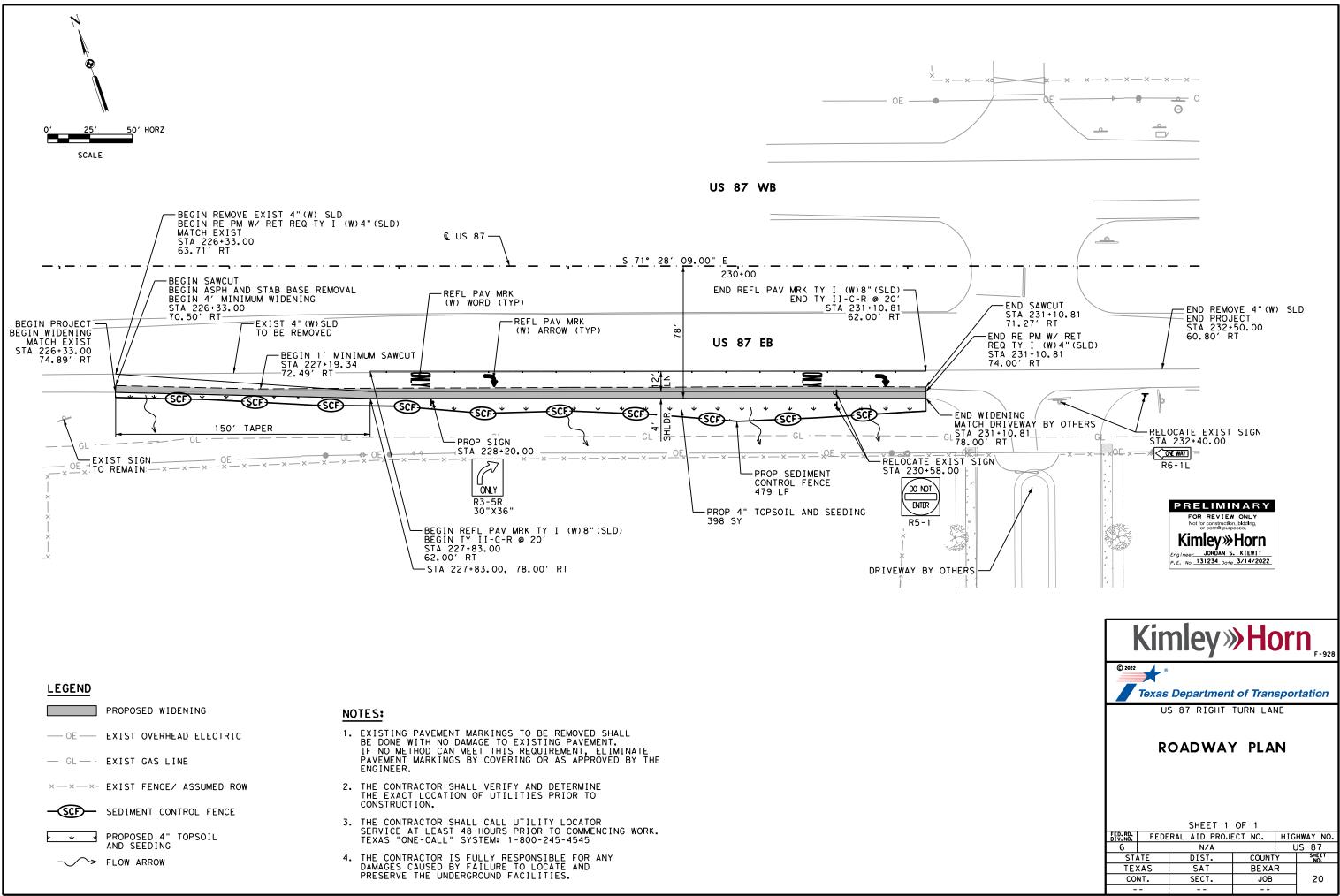
5. Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) signs and supports shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling."

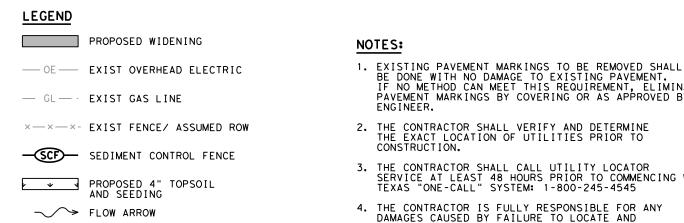
6. The 96" X 48" Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) may use a 1/2" or 5/8" plywood substrate or 0.125" aluminum sheeting substrate and may be supported by two 4" x 6" wood posts with drilled holes for breakaway as per BC(5) and will be

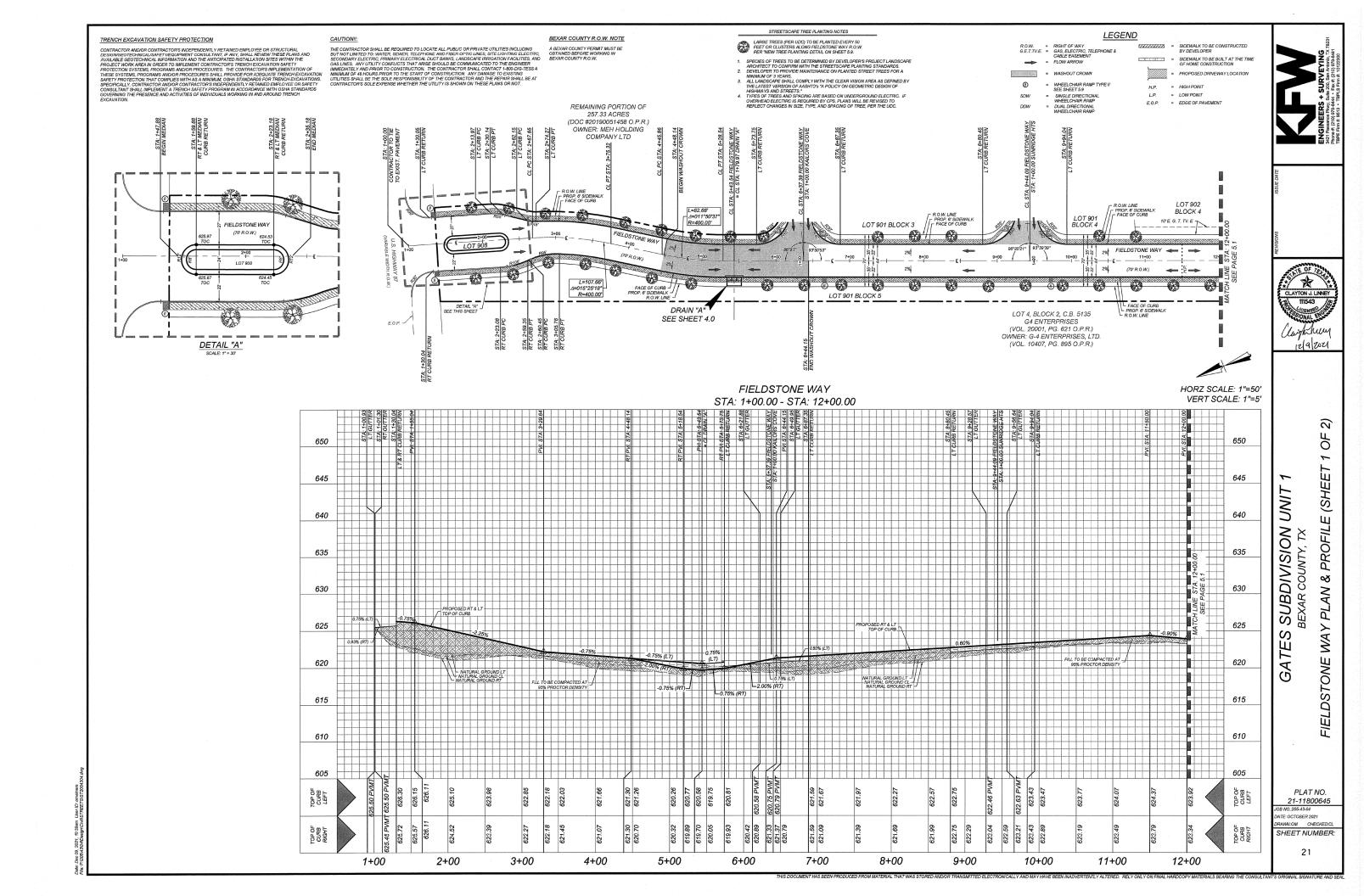
7. The Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" X 96" sign shall be paid for Item 647 - Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies.

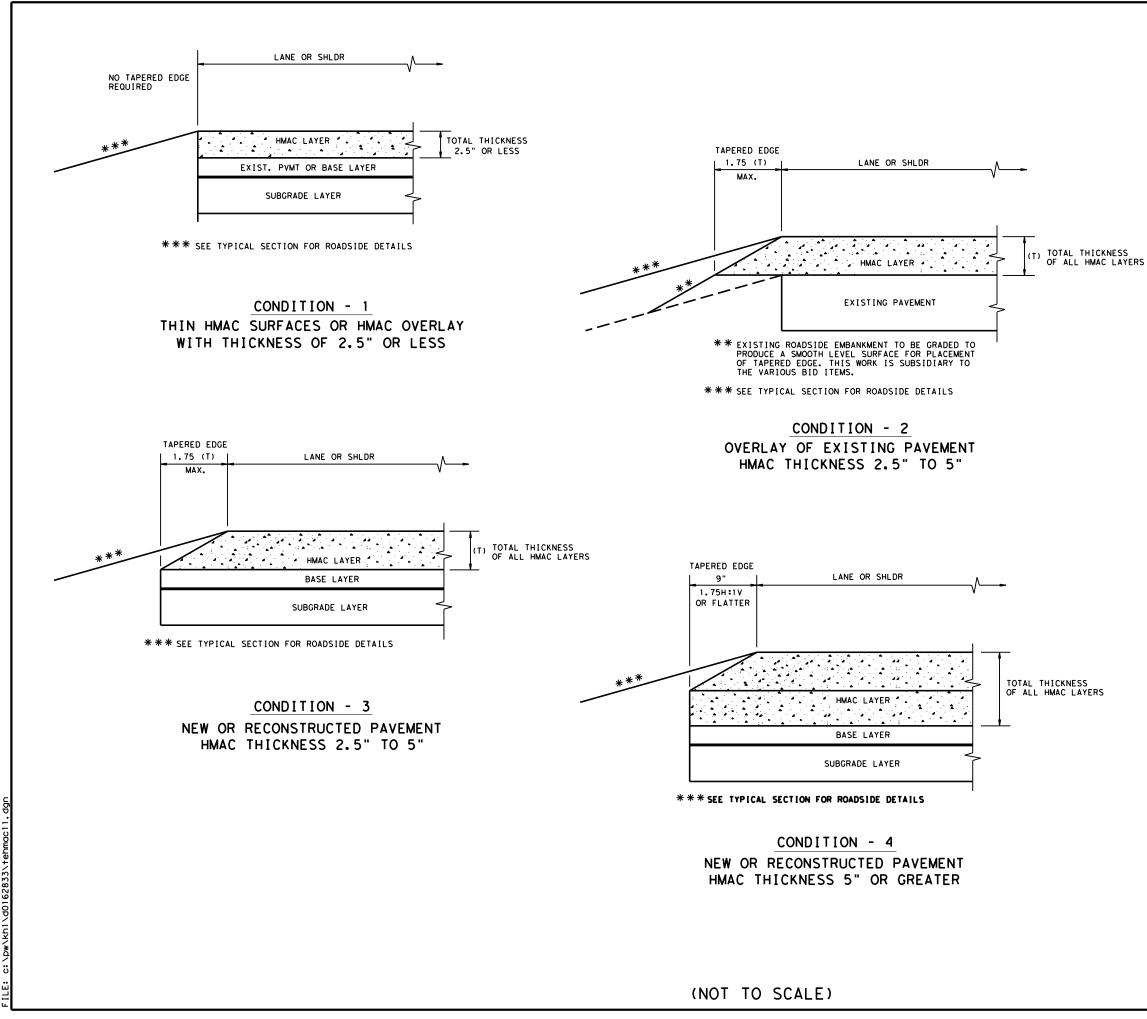
8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor

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WORK ZONE "GIVE US A BRAKE" SIGNS WZ (BRK) - 13						
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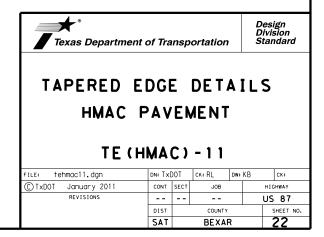




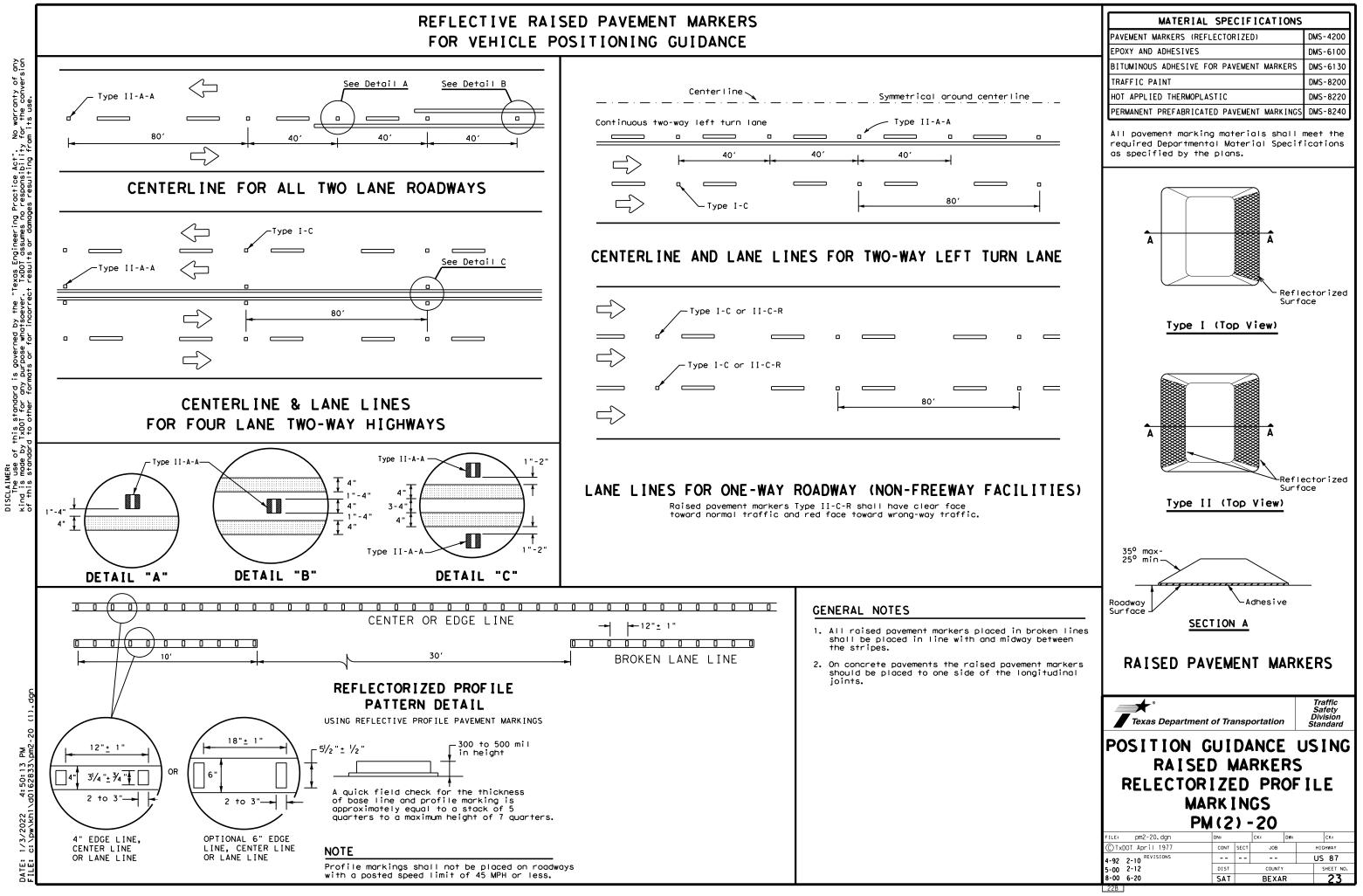
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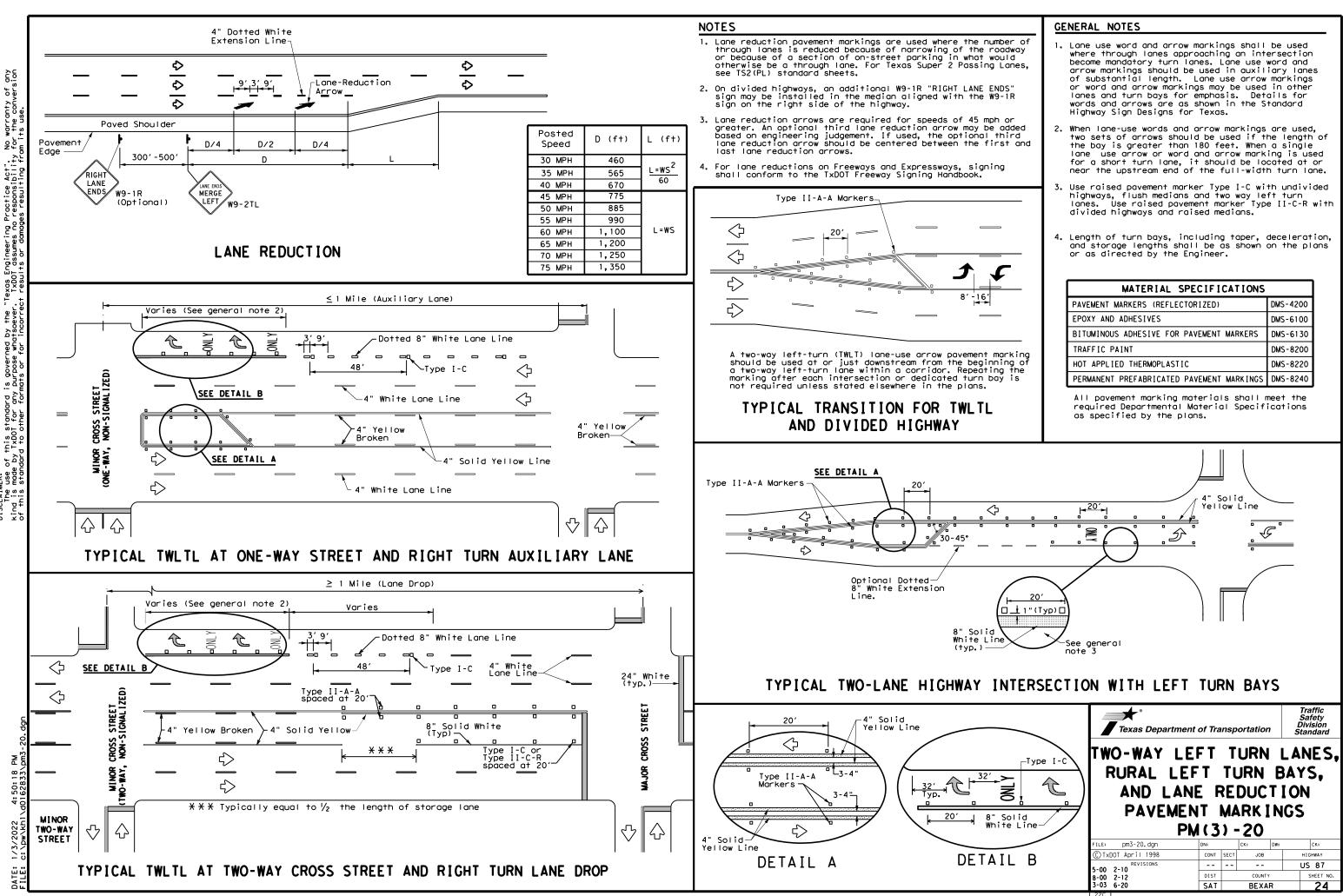
## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5"
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.

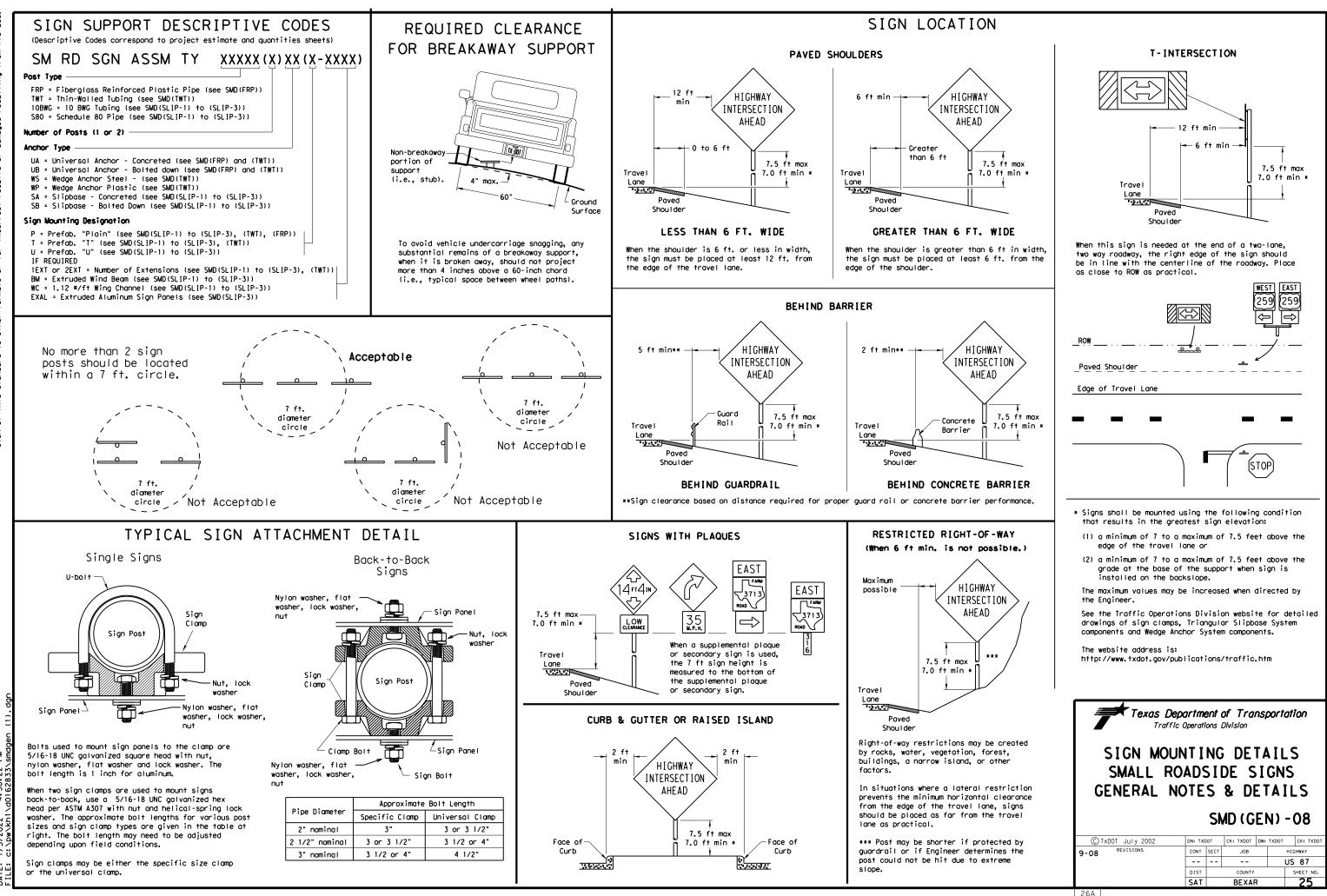


# FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



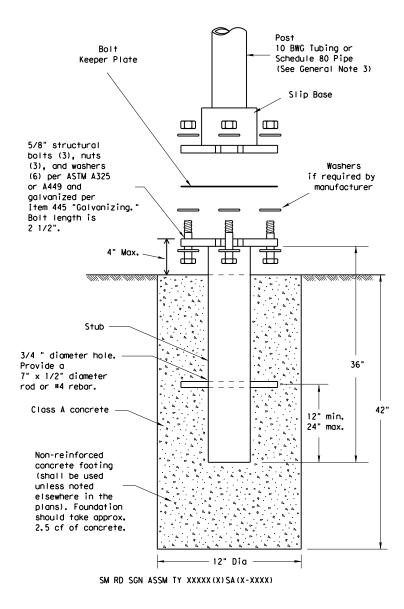


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## TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



## NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

## GENERAL NOTES:

- 10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)
- 0.134" nominal wall thickness
- 55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength
- 20% minimum elongation in 2"

- 0.276" nominal wall thickness
- Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C
- 46,000 PSI minimum yield strength
- 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength
- 21% minimum elongation in 2"
- Galvanization per ASTM A123
- 4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

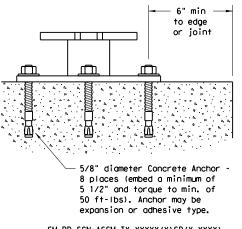
- Foundation

- direction.

#### Support

- straight.
- clearances based on sign types.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives, " Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

### SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX (X) SB (X-XXXX)

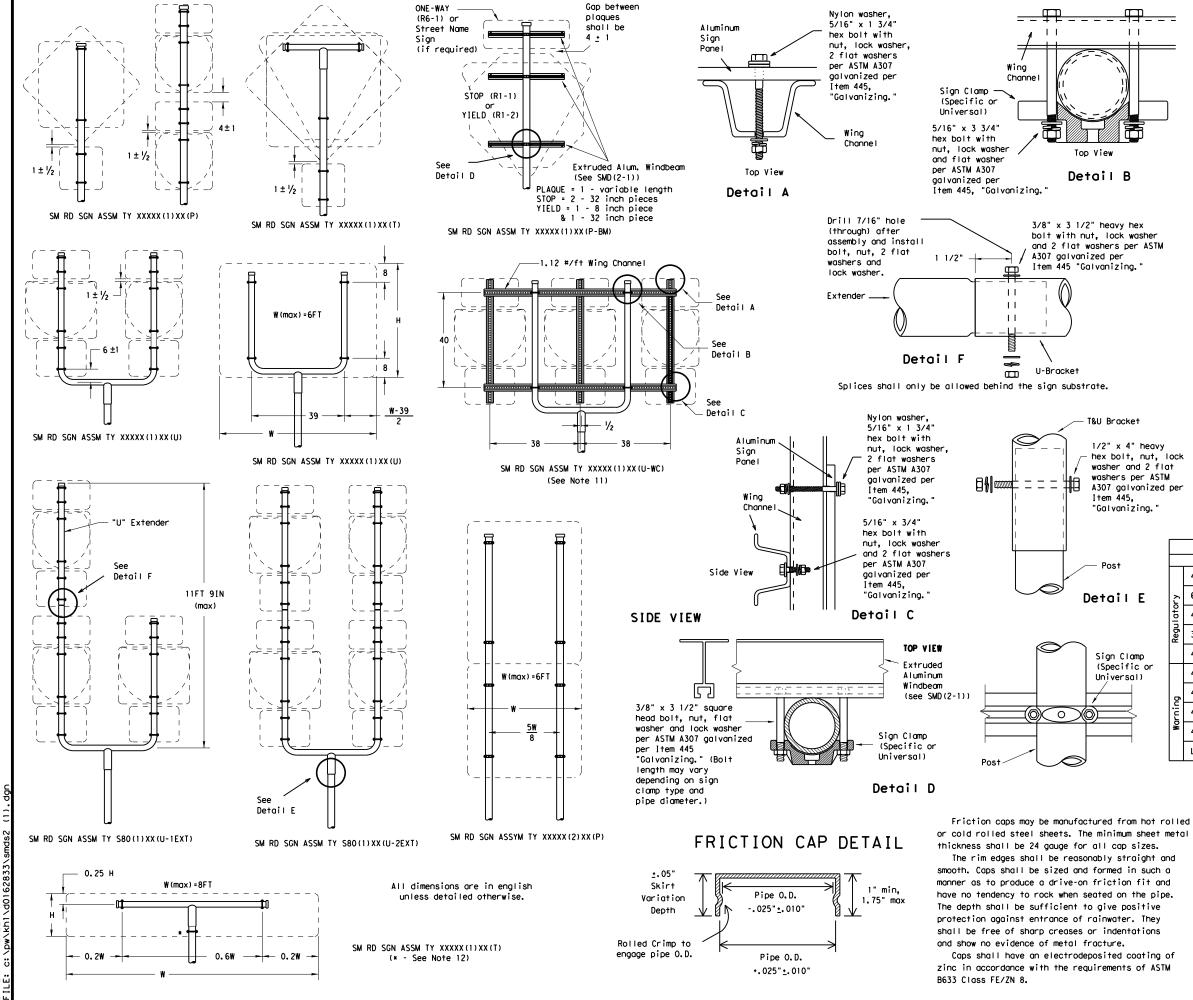
1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following: Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883" Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833. Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter) Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following: Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock. 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A. 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground. 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any

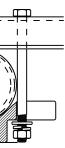
1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and

2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division					
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SMALL RO					
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TRIANGULAR	SL I	[P	BASE	SY	STEM
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1/2" x 4" heavy hex bolt, nut, lock washer and 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 galvanized per "Galvanizing.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.

SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
10 BWG	1	16 SF
10 BWG	2	32 SF
Sch 80	1	32 SF
Sch 80	2	64 SF

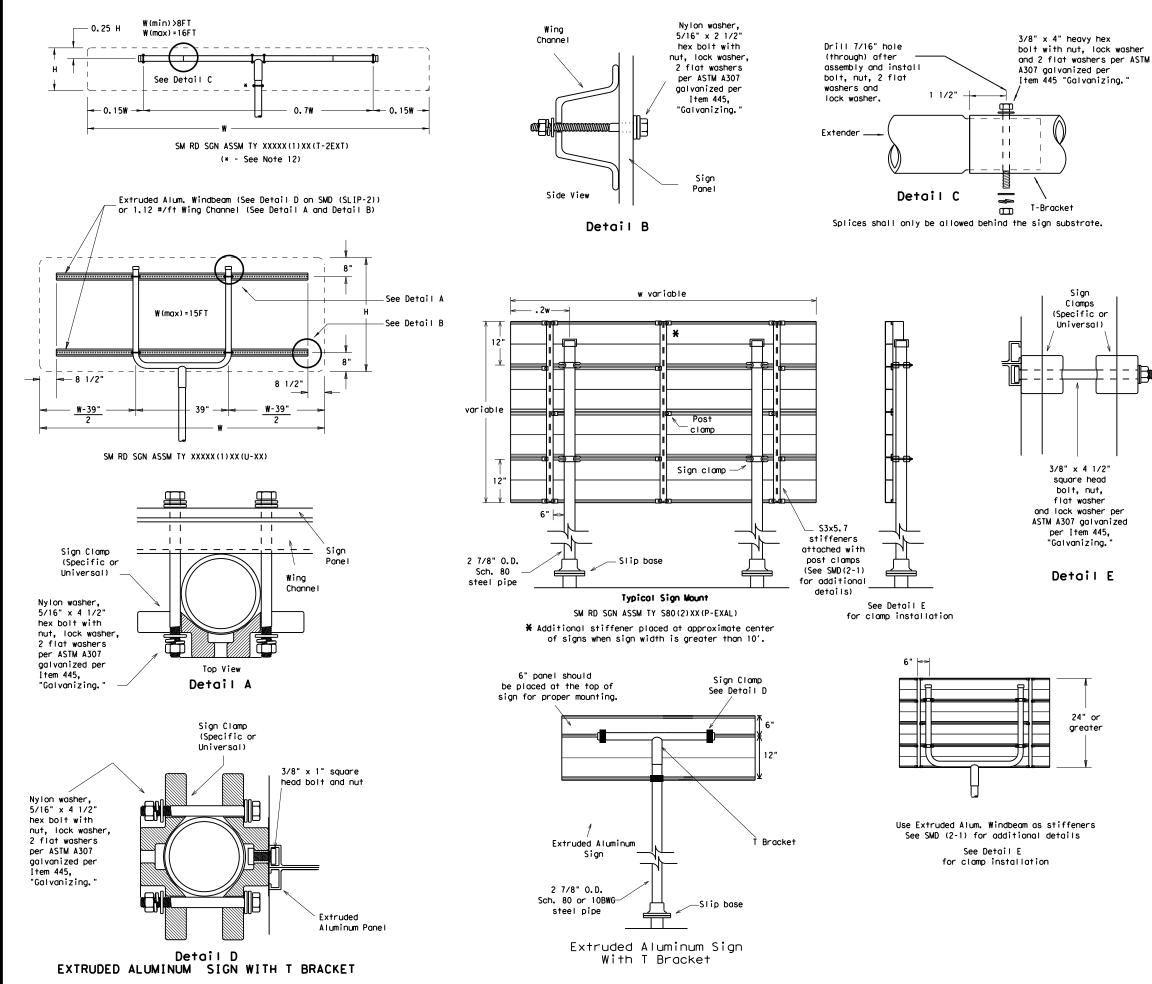
- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height. 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently
- when impacted by an errant vehicle. 8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps. 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

		REQUIRED SUPPORT					
		SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
		48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
Ε	2	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
	l atory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
	Regul	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
2		48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)				
or )		48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	ō	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)				
	Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	Ň	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
		Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS

SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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## GENERAL NOTES:

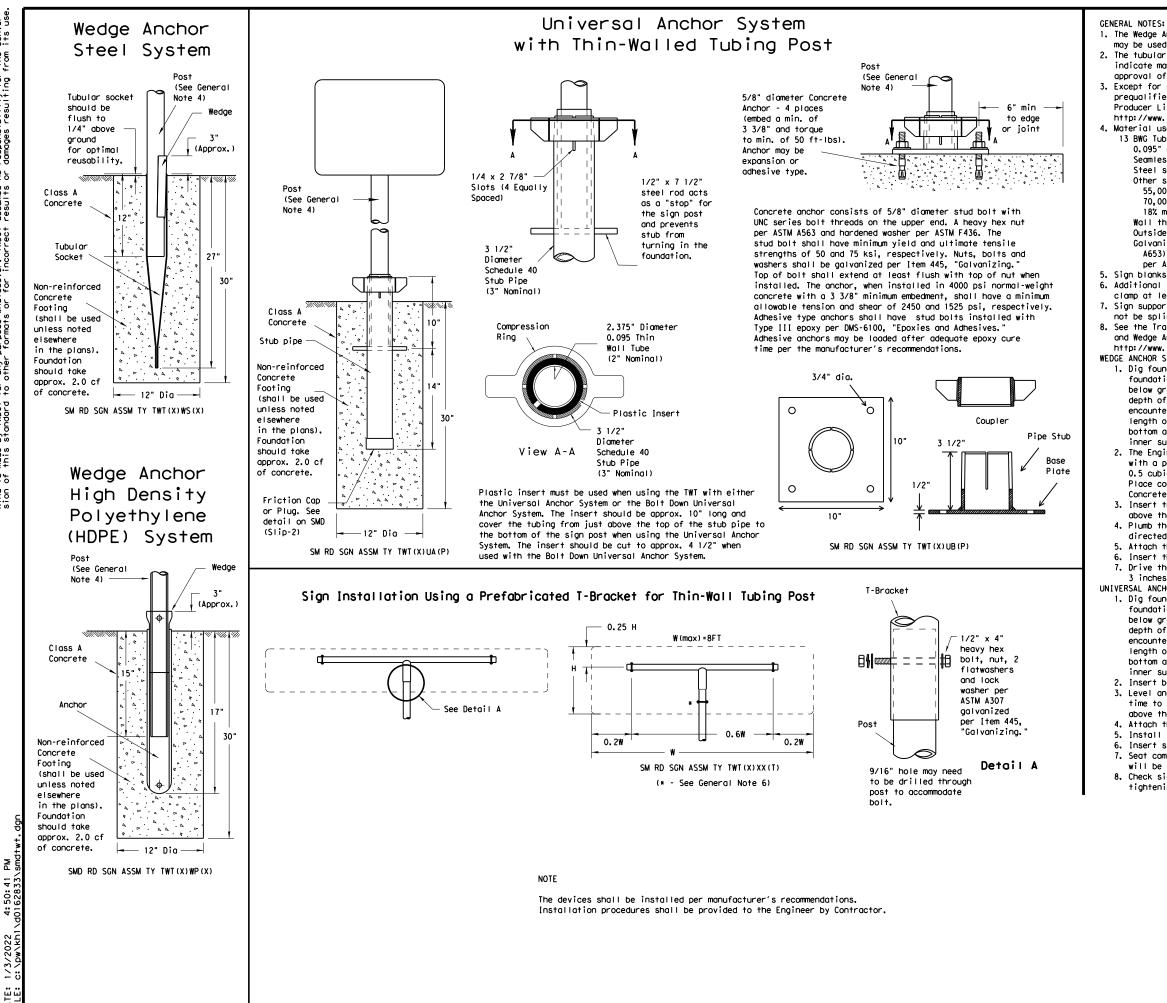
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1. SIGN SUPPORT # OF POSTS MAX. SIGN AREA 10 BWG 16 SF 10 BWG 32 SF 32 SE Sch 80 Sch 80 2 64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet. 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat
- aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height. 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
   Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut
- off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT					
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
2	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
Regul atory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
Regu	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)				
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
5	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)				
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
Ň	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				

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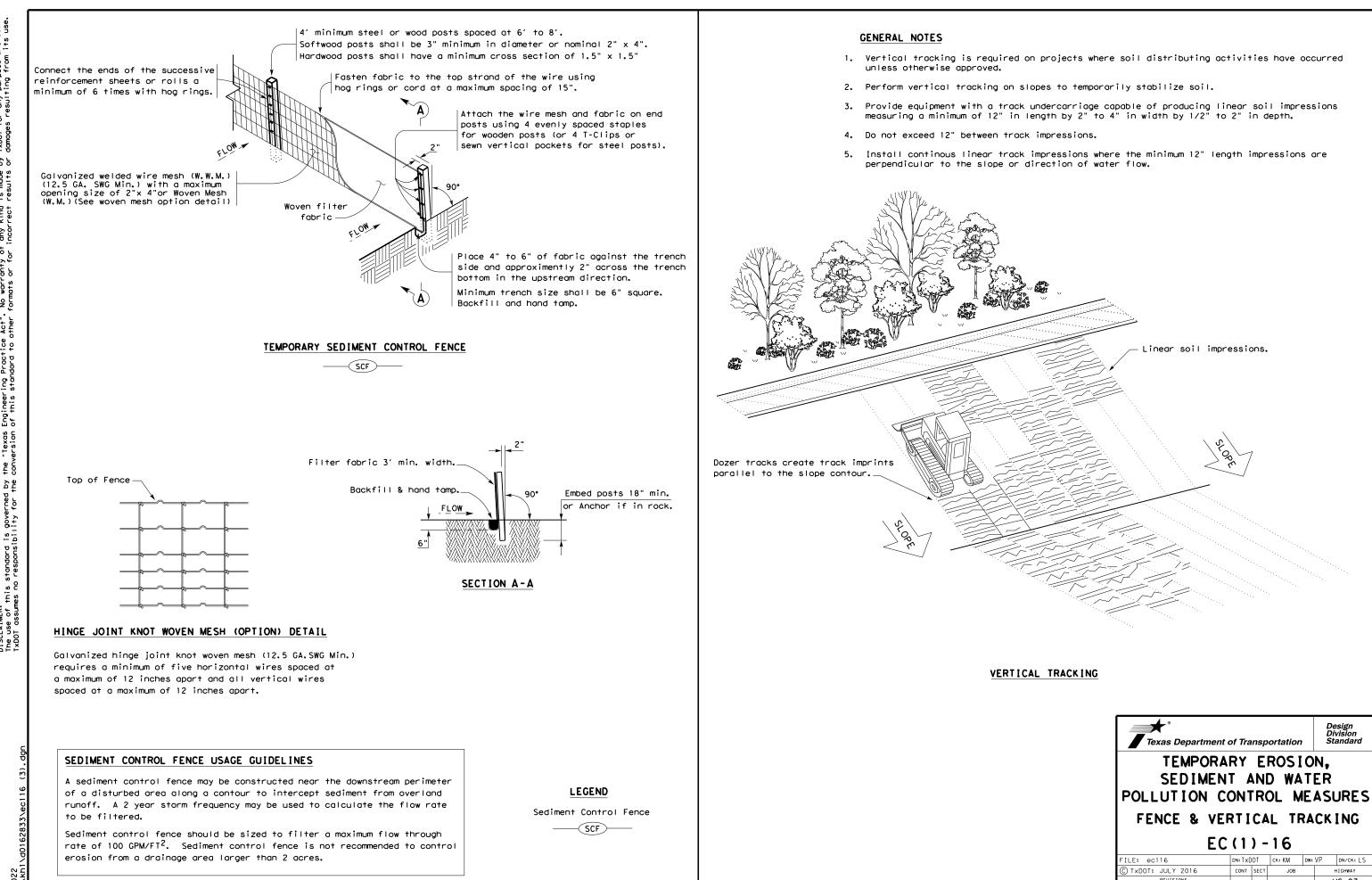


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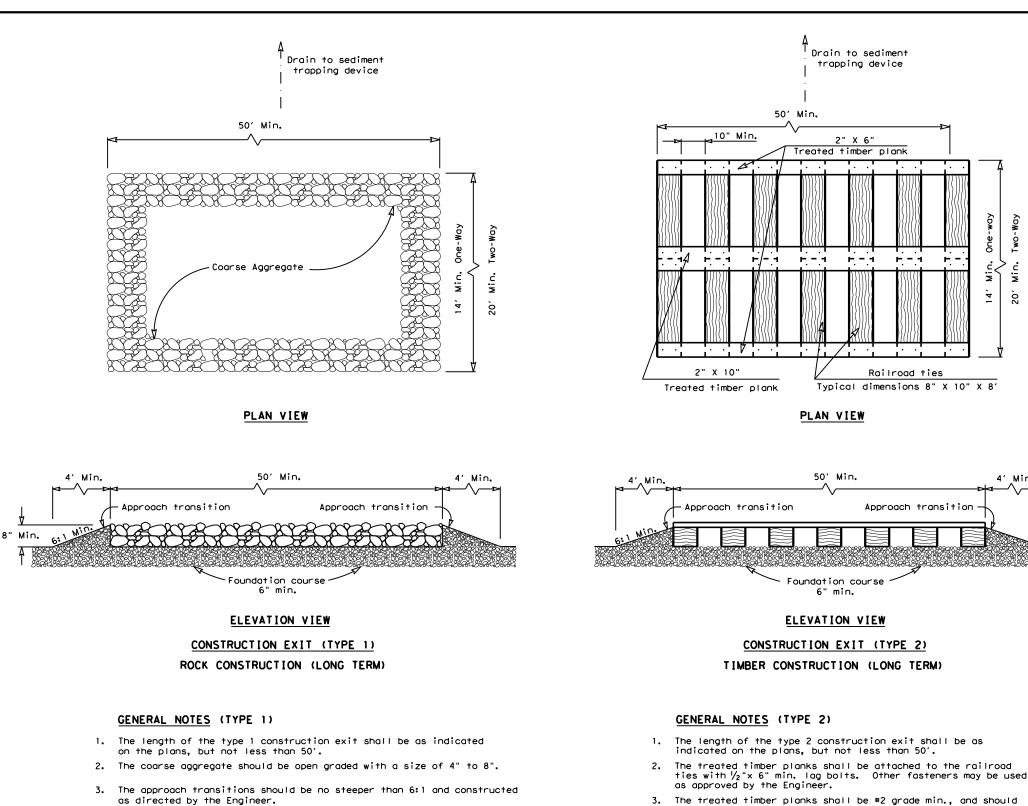
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1. The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area. 2. The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer. 3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: 13 BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT) 0.095" nominal wall thickness Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM Å1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following: 55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength 18% minimum elongation in 2" Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381" Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833. 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans. 6. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible. 7. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced. 8. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE 1. Dig foundation hole, Where solid rock is encountered at around level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris. 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A. 3. Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing. 4. Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer.. 5. Attach the sign to the sign post. 6. Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway. 7. Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed. UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris. 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete. 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation. 4. Attach the sign to the sign post. 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post. 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod. 7. Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed. 8. Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring. Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD (TWT) - 08

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- 4. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materialas approved by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- 6. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.

The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots. The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer. 5. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base. bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.

Drain to sediment

trapping device

2" X 6" Treated timber plank

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PLAN VIEW

50′ Min.

Foundation course

6" min.

ELEVATION VIEW

Railroad ties

Typical dimensions 8" X 10" X 8'

Approach transition

One

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2

4′ Min.

50′ Min.

- 6. The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may 7. be modified by the Engineer.

4.

Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. 8. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.

